



Next Wave of Medicines Utilizing AI

May 2020

Forward-Looking Statements

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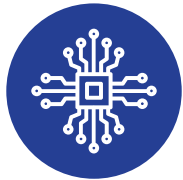
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Overview

SERENITY Program Pivotal Readouts Expected in Mid-2020



AI-Powered Drug Development

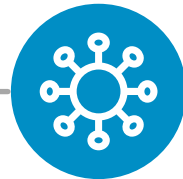
- Identifies novel opportunities for clinical stage compounds
- Improves R&D economics
- Potentially reduces development timelines



Neuro Program

BXCL501—Sublingual Thin Film for Acute Treatment of Agitation

- Phase 3 schizophrenia and bipolar trials (SERENITY I & II) initiated; readouts expected mid-2020
- Phase 1b/2 dementia trial (TRANQUILITY) initiated; readout expected mid-2020
- Phase 1b/2 opioid withdrawal trial (RELEASE); preparing to initiate



Immuno-oncology Program

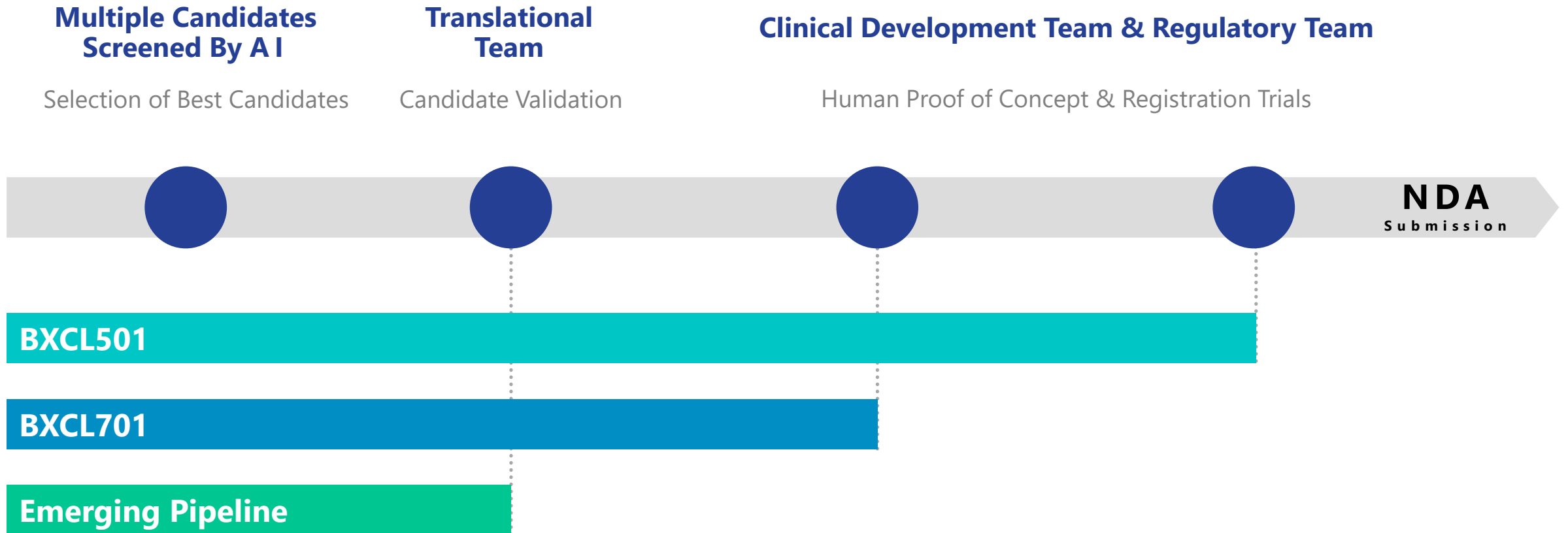
BXCL701—Targeting Rare Cancers

- Phase 1b/2 double combo trial in Neuroendocrine Prostate Cancer (tNEPC) ongoing; Phase 2 efficacy portion initiated
- MD Anderson led Phase 2 basket trial in advanced solid tumors
- Phase 1b/2 triple combo trial in pancreatic cancer initiation expected 2020

Strengthened balance sheet in Feb. 2020 through follow-on offering raising \$60 million in net proceeds

AI Platform May Reduce Development Timelines and Cost

4–5 Year Development Cycle



Pipeline

Neuropsychiatry

BXCL501

Acute agitation in schizophrenia/bipolar **SERENITY I & II Trials (Phase 3)**

Acute agitation in dementia **TRANQUILITY Trial (Phase 1b/2)**

Opioid withdrawal **RELEASE Trial (IND Clearance)**

Delirium **Clinical Planning**

KalmPen™ (Single-use IM)

Severe agitation **Formulation Development**

Wearable Device (+BXCL501)*

Pre & post-agitation in dementia **Clinical Feasibility Study**

BXCL501 + combination

Chronic agitation in dementia **Formulation Development**

Immuno-oncology

BXCL701

Neuroendocrine Prostate Cancer (tNEPC)
Double Combination **Phase 2**

Advanced Solid Tumor Types
(MD Anderson Led) **Phase 2**

Pancreatic Cancer
Triple Combo **Phase 1b/2**

*Regulatory path to be determined; device + drug combination to be evaluated after validation of predictive algorithm



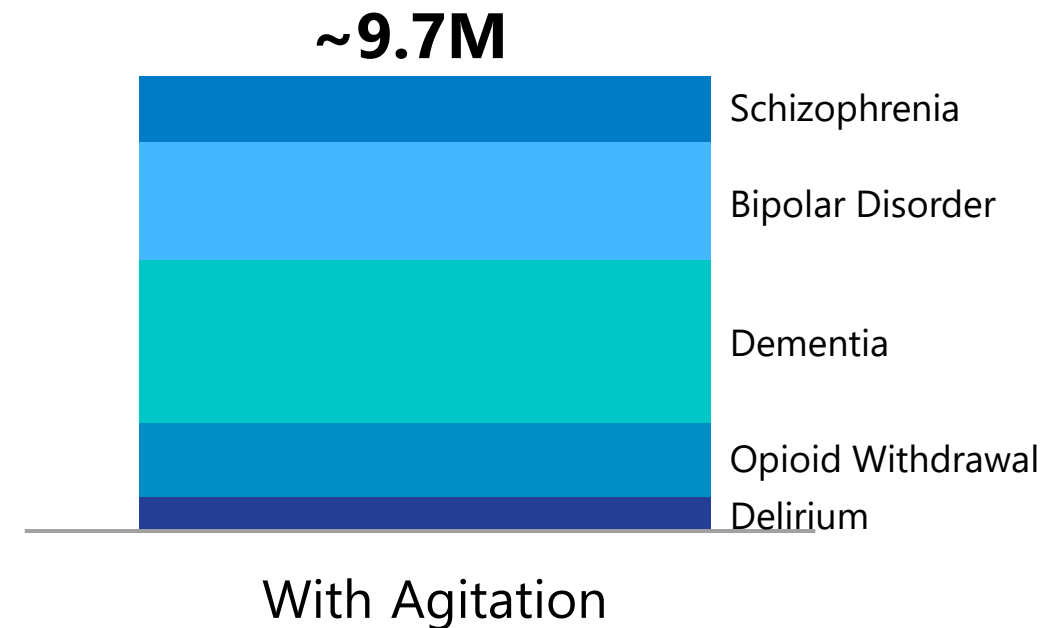
BXCL501:

**Potential First in Class Sublingual Thin Film Dexmedetomidine (Dex)
for Acute Treatment of Agitation**

Agitation: A Common Phenomenon Associated with Psychiatric Conditions

High Unmet Medical Need in the U.S.

- 9.7 million suffer each year⁽¹⁾
 - Schizophrenia/bipolar: 3.1M
 - Dementia: 4M
 - Opioid withdrawal: 1.6M
 - Delirium: 1M⁽²⁾
- Patients experience multiple episodes per year
- \$40 billion per year health care burden
- Agitation episodes can put both the patient and caregiver at risk



1. Internal company estimates based on analysis of primary market research, prescription database, and published data.

2. Agitated Delirium in ICU, does not include hyperactive delirium in medical and surgical wards

Broad Market Potential Across Centers

Where Neuropsychiatric Patients are Treated



Current Treatment Options Fail to Address the Underlying Condition

Current Therapies Are Suboptimal

- Verbal de-escalation is used as first line treatment
- Injectables are invasive with severe side effects
- Antipsychotic drugs have black-box warning for elderly
- Restraining can damage the caregiver/patient relationship
 - Requires 1:1 observation
- Over-sedation is a major issue – patients cannot be properly evaluated

BXCL501's product profile offers significant advantages over the standard of care

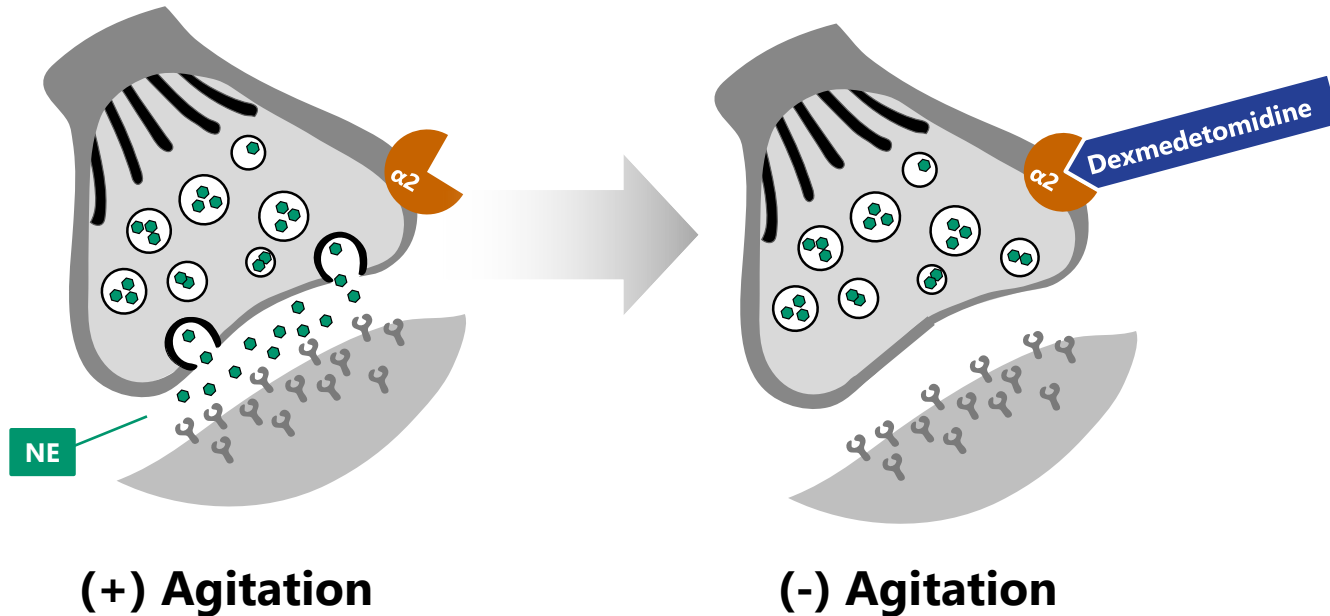


**Fast Track
Designation**

BXCL501 for treatment of acute agitation associated with schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, or dementia

BXCL501: Proprietary Sublingual Thin Film of Dex* Designed to Block Driver of Agitation

Dexmedetomidine MoA



Norepinephrine (NE)

*Dexmedetomidine

Novel Mechanism May Directly Target Causal Agitation

- Dex activates at the alpha-2a receptor preventing the release of norepinephrine

Highly Differentiated from Current Treatments

- ✓ Easy to administer, sublingual formulation
- ✓ Non-traumatic
- ✓ Rapid onset of action, without excessive sedation (observed in clinical studies)
- ✓ Non-invasive
- ✓ Self-administered by patients

Proprietary, Easy-to-Administer Formulation



Proprietary, Immediate Delivery, Sublingual Thin Film Product

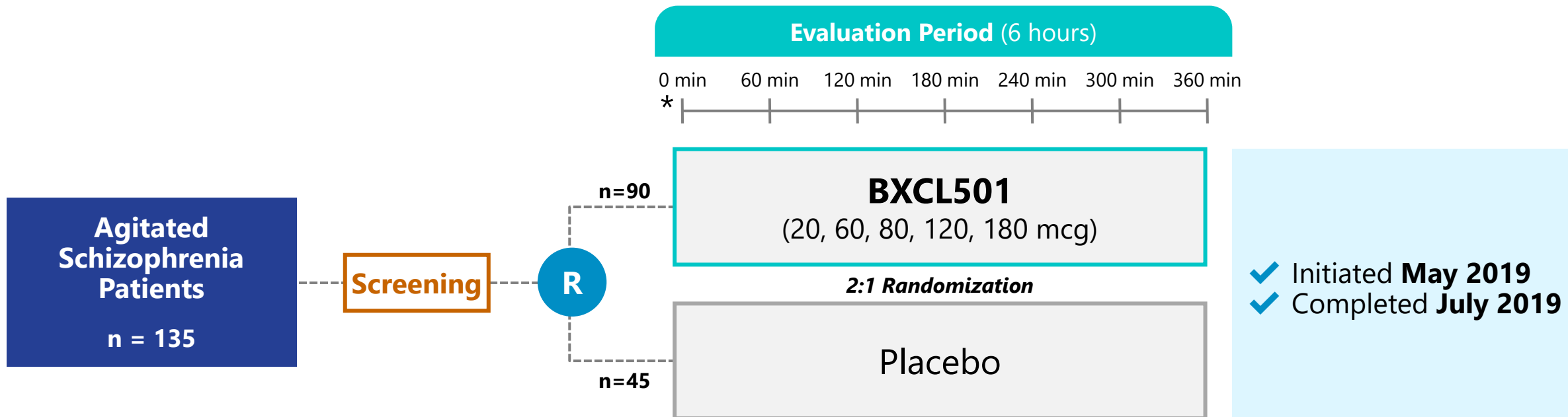
- Muco-adhesion properties designed for optimizing compliance
- Adaptable technology enables broad dose range
- Flexible for potential combination of multiple drugs on a single film
- Expected patent term until 2039 -2041

Transitioned to Registrational Drug Product Process

- Manufacturing Phase 3/registrational batches
- Commercial scale-up planned for product launch

Successful Phase 1b Clinical Trial in Agitated Schizophrenia Patients

Assessing Agitation Episodes in Schizophrenia

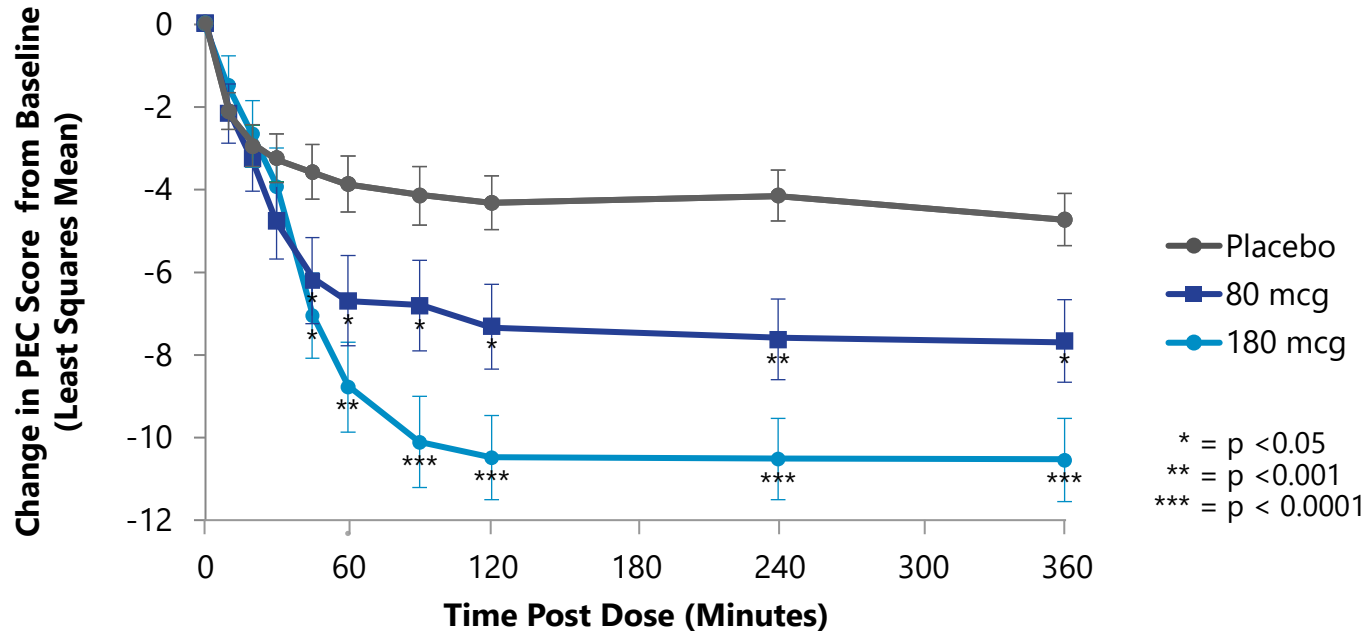


Primary Endpoint: Change from Baseline in PEC Score (PANSS-Excitatory Component) at 2 Hours

* Patients Dosed

Primary Endpoint: Statistically Significant Change in PEC Score

Clinically Meaningful, Rapid and Durable Responses



**Time = 120 Min
(Primary Endpoint)**

Drug/Dose	#	% Responders (Reduction in PEC of $\geq 40\%$)	Mean Change in PEC Score	P-Value
Placebo	N=36	28%	-4.5	
BXCL501 (180 mcg)	N=18	89%	-10.8	< 0.0001
BXCL501 (120 mcg)	N=18	67%	-9.2	0.0003
BXCL501 (80 mcg)	N=18	56%	-7.1	0.0152
BXCL501 (60 mcg)	N=18	39%	-6.0	0.1227

* The lowest dose tested, 20 mcg (not shown) was repeated in subjects who did not achieve response criterion

Safety Results in Phase 1b Study



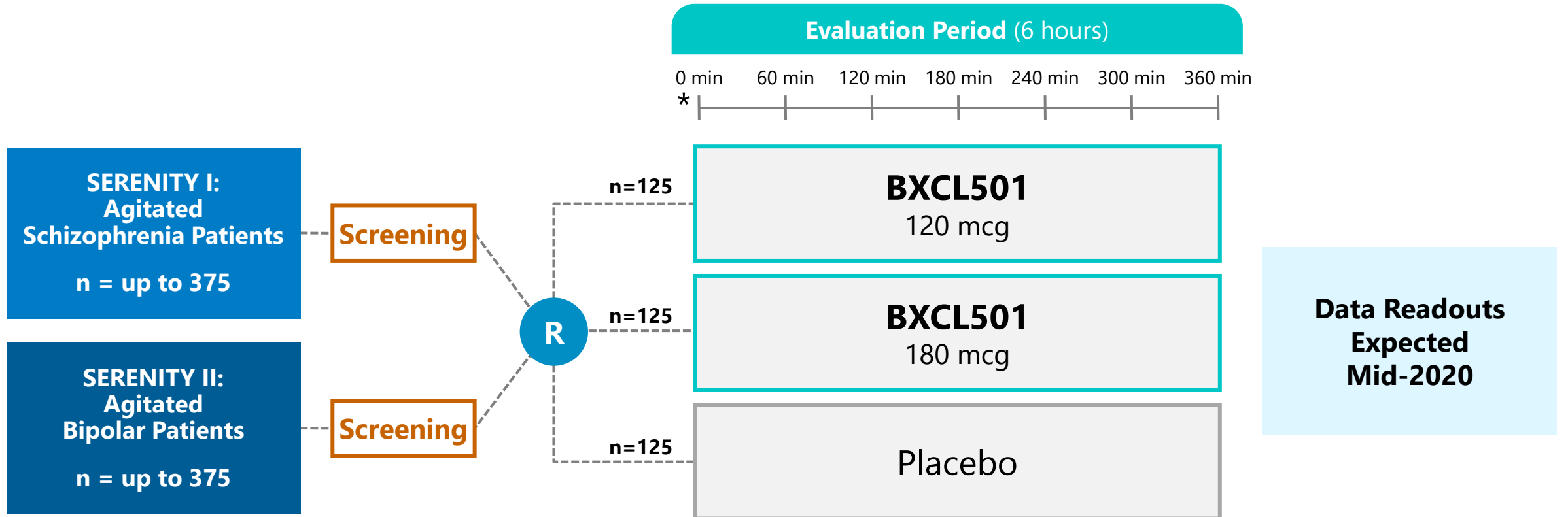
Well-tolerated with no serious or severe adverse events

Most common adverse events: mild somnolence and dry mouth

Maximum tolerated dose was not reached

All subjects (100%) were able to self-administer the film

SERENITY Phase 3 Pivotal Trials Initiated: Adaptive Design

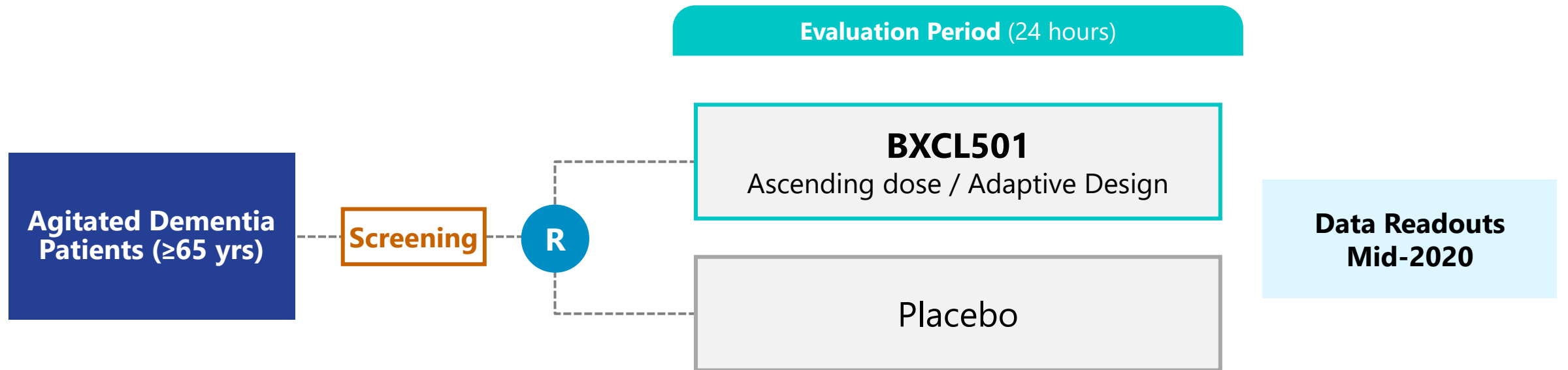


Primary Endpoint: Change from Baseline in PEC Score (PANSS-Excitatory Component) at 2 Hours

* Patients Dosed

TRANQUILITY Phase 1b/2 Trial Initiated – Dementia

Assessing Agitation Episodes in Dementia



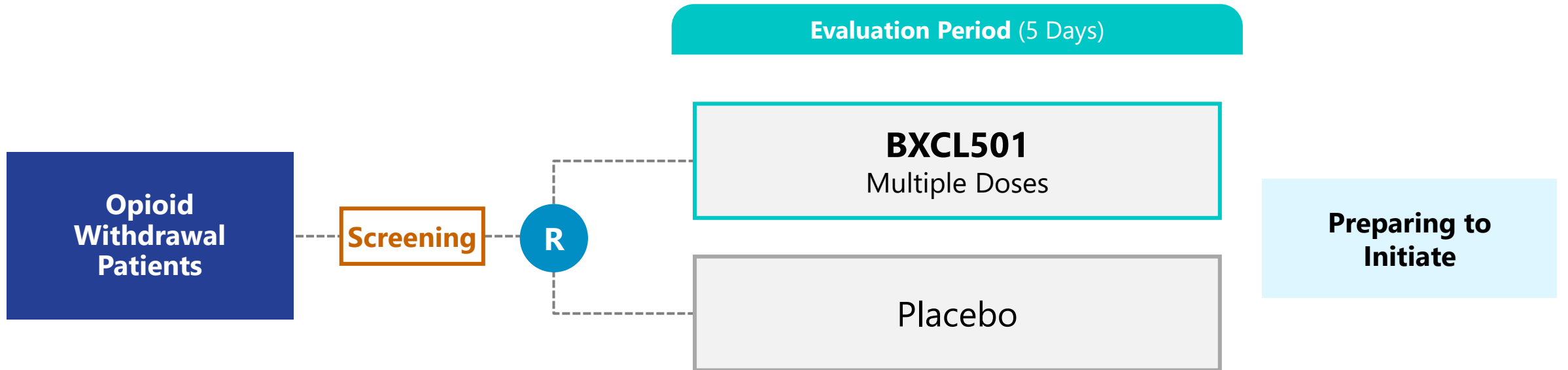
Key Inclusion Criteria

- Dementia (all forms including AD)
- Clinically significant agitation

Efficacy Endpoints

- PAS: Pittsburgh Agitation Scale
- PEC: PANSS Excitatory Component
- CMAI: Cohen-Mansfield Agitation Inventory (modified)

RELEASE Phase 1b/2 Trial – Opioid Withdrawal



Key Inclusion Criteria and Design

- Street/prescription opiate abusers with signs and symptoms of opiate withdrawal before entry
- Double-blinded, placebo-controlled dose escalation design

Efficacy Endpoints

- Pharmacokinetics, Safety and Tolerability
- COWS: Clinical Opiate Withdrawal Scale
- SOWS: Short Opiate Withdrawal Scale of Gossop

Neuroscience Program Strategy

Preagitation



Prophylaxis or Prevention of Agitation

Mild to Moderate Agitation



Schizophrenia/Bipolar (NDA)

Dementia (sNDA)

Opioid Withdrawal (sNDA)

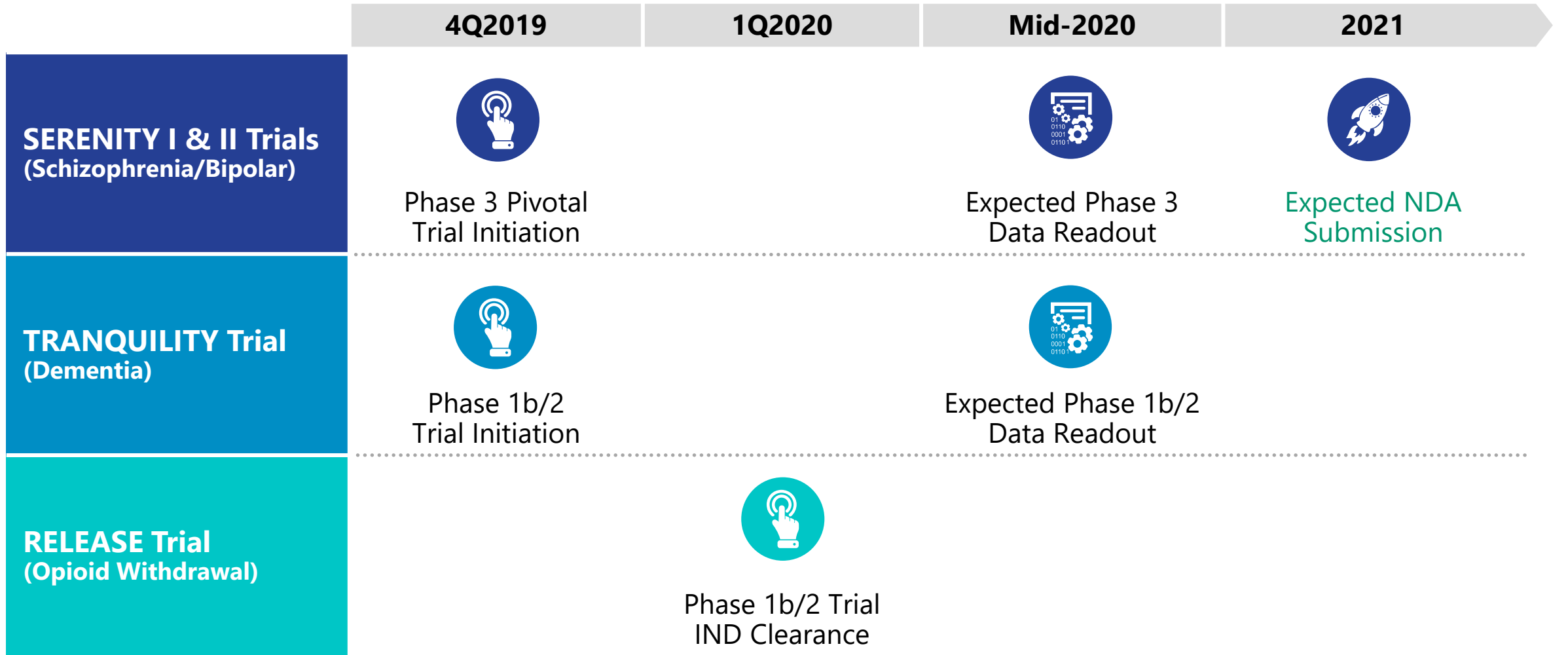
Delirium (sNDA)

Severe Agitation/Aggression



IM Formulation Development

BXCL501 Product Development Milestones



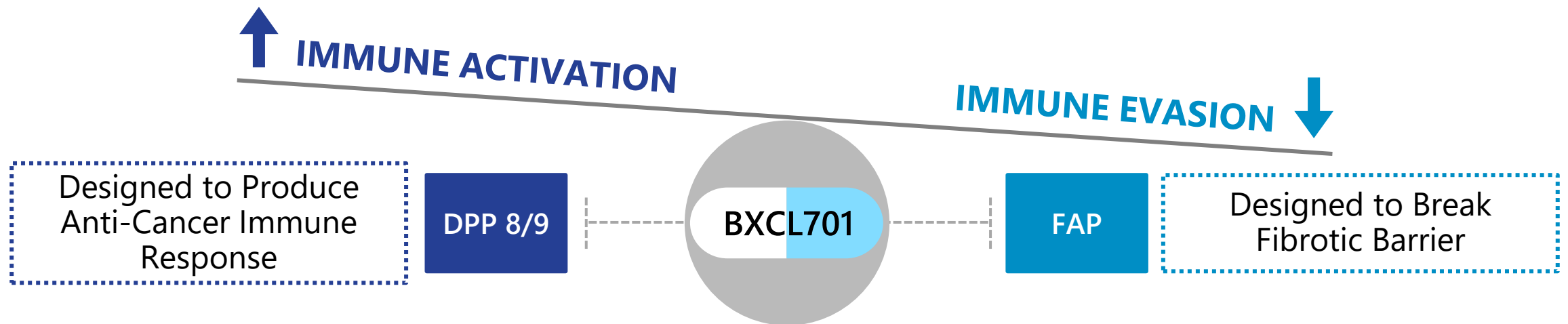


BXCL701

Potential First-in-Class Oral IO Therapy

Orally Administered Investigational Activator of Systemic Innate Immunity Pathway

Dual MoA designed to inhibit DPP 8/9 & FAP



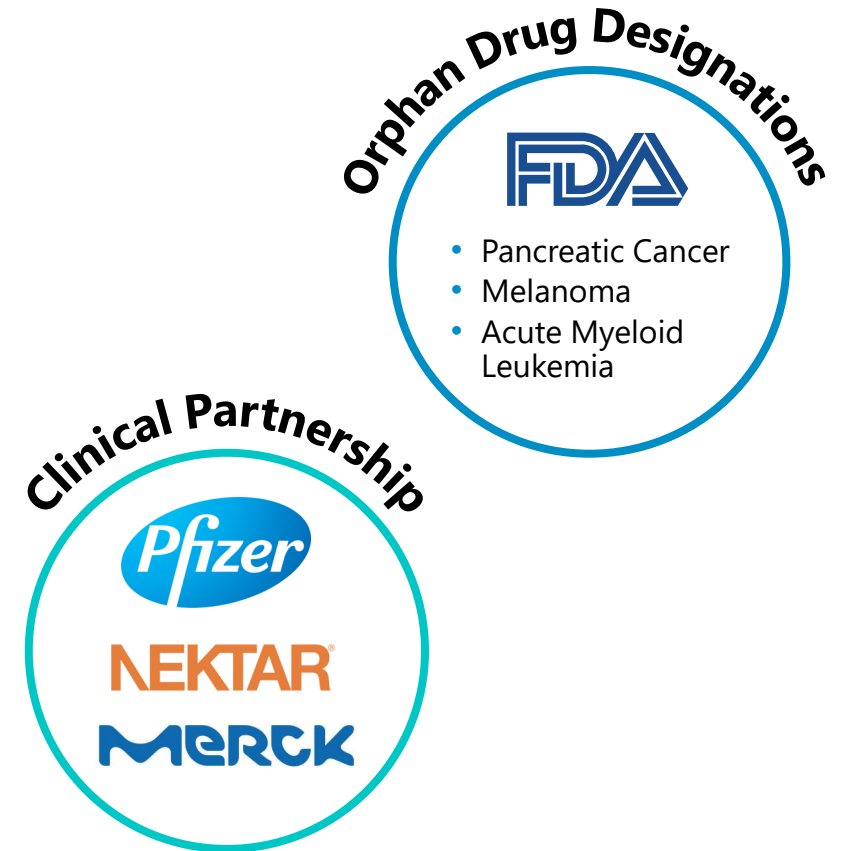
- Current approved immunotherapies struggle to address tumors that appear “cold” or uninflamed
- BXCL701 is designed to stimulate the innate immune system, facilitating a strong adaptive anti cancer immune response – turning “cold” tumors “hot”

BXCL701 Clinical Development Strategy

Multiple Opportunities to Evaluate Patient Outcomes

- 1 Treatment Emergent Prostate Cancer (tNEPC):** Phase 1b/2 trial of BXCL701 and KEYTRUDA
- 2 Pancreatic Cancer:** Triple combination (BXCL701, bempegaldesleukin and BAVENCIO®) Phase 1b/2 trial
- 3 Solid Tumors Responsive to CPIs*:** Open-label Phase 2 basket trial led by MD Anderson

* CPI: Check Point Inhibitors



Phase 1b/2: In Combination with KEYTRUDA to Treat tNEPC

1

Completed Safety Run-in* Safety/PD/Immune-phenotyping



Initiated Phase 2 Efficacy Portion (N=30)

- Identified recommended Phase 2 dose of BXCL701 when used in combination with KEYTRUDA®
 - 0.3 mg of BXCL701 twice daily (BID)
- This dose has shown on-target side effects consistent with cytokine activation

- **Simon 2-stage:**
15+15
- **Primary Endpoint:**
Composite response rate: Target > 15%
- **Secondary Endpoint:**
DoR, PFS, OS
- **Exploratory Endpoint:**
Effect on immune cells (MDSC, T-cells, neutrophils)
- Initial interim data readout expected in Q4 2020

* Initial safety data presented at The 26th Annual Prostate Cancer Foundation Scientific Retreat and at ASCO GU

Pancreatic Cancer: Triple Combination Trial

2

Triple Combination*
Phase 2 Expansion (n=30)

BXCL701
NKTR-214
Avelumab

- **Simon 2-stage:**
15+15
- **Primary Endpoint:**
ORR Combination
- **Secondary Endpoint:**
DoR, PFS, OS
- **Exploratory Endpoint:**
Effect on immune cells (MDSC, T-cells, neutrophils)



*BXCL701 phase expected to be initiated following Nektar and Pfizer's safety run-in trial of a double combination of NKTR-214 and avelumab and the outcome of that trial.

Expanding Study of BXCL701: Open-label Basket Trial with Keytruda

3










CPI Responsive Solid Tumor Study

KEYTRUDA
(pembrolizumab)

- Cohort A: evaluating patients who are naïve to checkpoint therapy
- Cohort B: evaluating patients who have failed or are refractory to checkpoint therapy
- **Outcome measures**: ORR, progression-free-survival, overall survival, duration of response, and the safety of combined treatment

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS
MD Anderson
~~Cancer Center~~
Making Cancer History®

BXCL701 Program Milestones

	1H2019	2H2019	1H2020	2H2020
Neuroendocrine Prostate Cancer (tNEPC)	 Site Activation & Recruitment Ongoing		 Phase 2 Efficacy Portion Initiated	 Expected Initial Interim Data Readout
Pancreatic Cancer (PDA)	 Mechanism Trial Initiated		 Double Combination Trial Ongoing	 Expected Triple Combination Trial Initiation  Expected Initial Mechanistic Data Readouts
Solid Tumors Responsive to CPIs*			 Expected Phase 2 Basket Trial Initiation	 Expected Initial Data Readout

*MD Anderson Led IST



Thank You!

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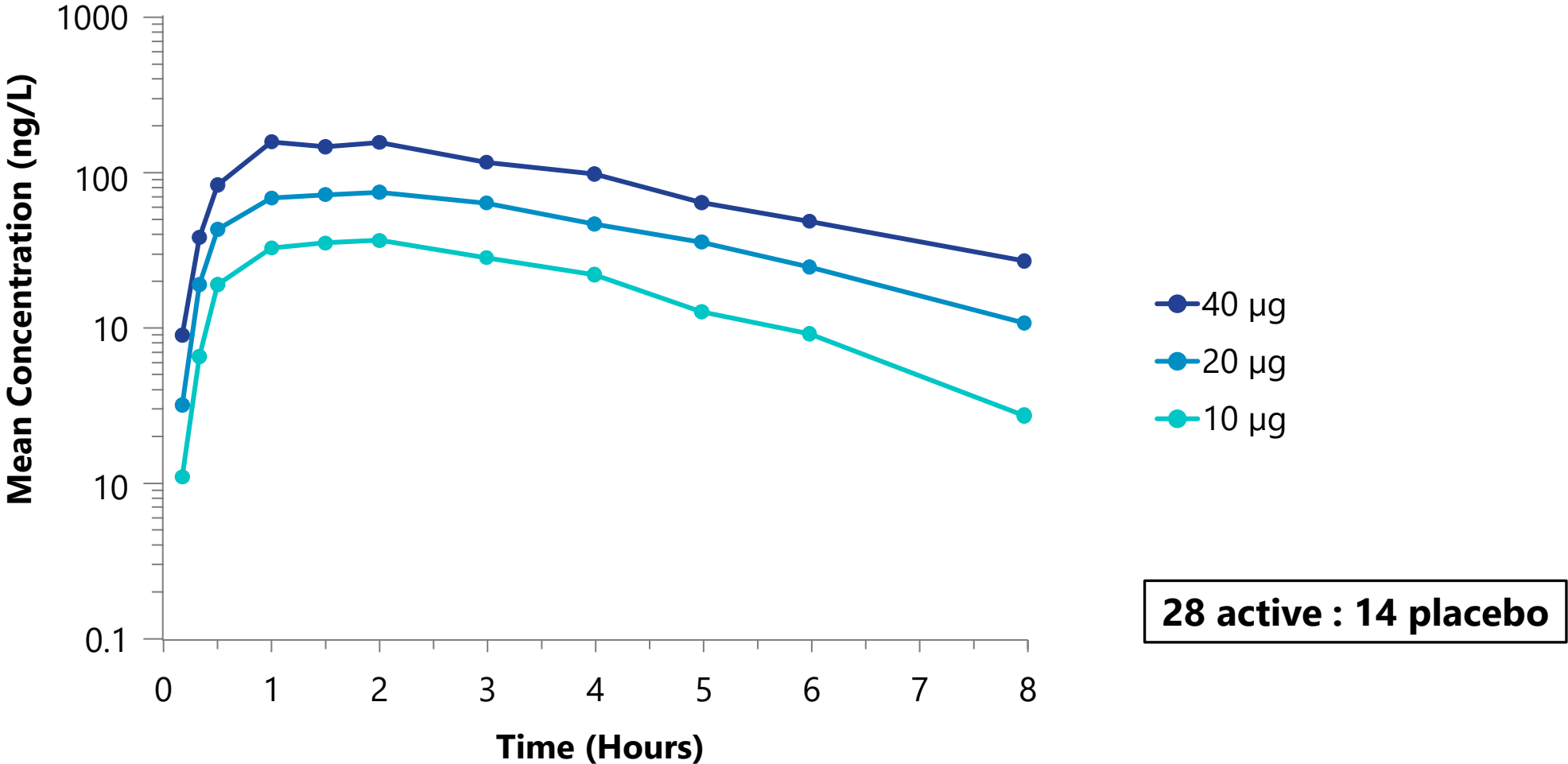
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Appendix

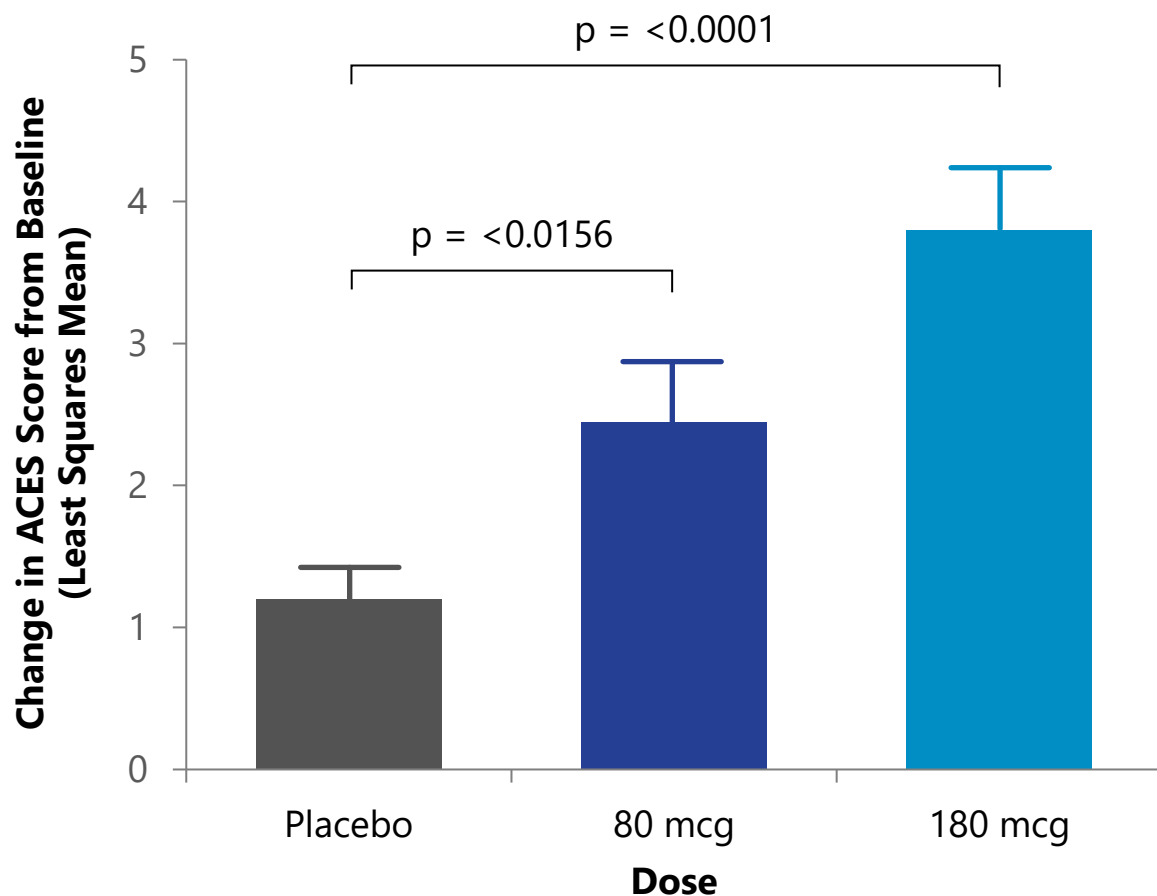
Predictable and Dose Proportional PK Observed in Phase I Study

Phase I Clinical Studies in 42 Healthy Volunteers



Secondary Evaluation: Change in ACES from Baseline

Consistent with Primary Endpoint



Drug/Dose	#	Mean Change in ACES Score from Baseline	P-Value
Placebo	N=36	1.20	
BXCL501 (180 mcg)	N=18	3.94	< 0.0001
BXCL501 (120 mcg)	N=18	3.11	0.0005
BXCL501 (80 mcg)	N=18	2.33	0.0156
BXCL501 (60 mcg)	N=18	2.11	0.0750

* The lowest dose tested, 20 mcg (not shown) was repeated in subjects who did not achieve response criterion

The ACES consists of a single item that rates overall agitation and sedation at the time of evaluation, where 1 indicates marked agitation; 2, moderate agitation; 3, mild agitation; 4, normal behavior; 5, mild calmness; 6, moderate calmness; 7, marked calmness; 8, deep sleep; and 9, unarousable.